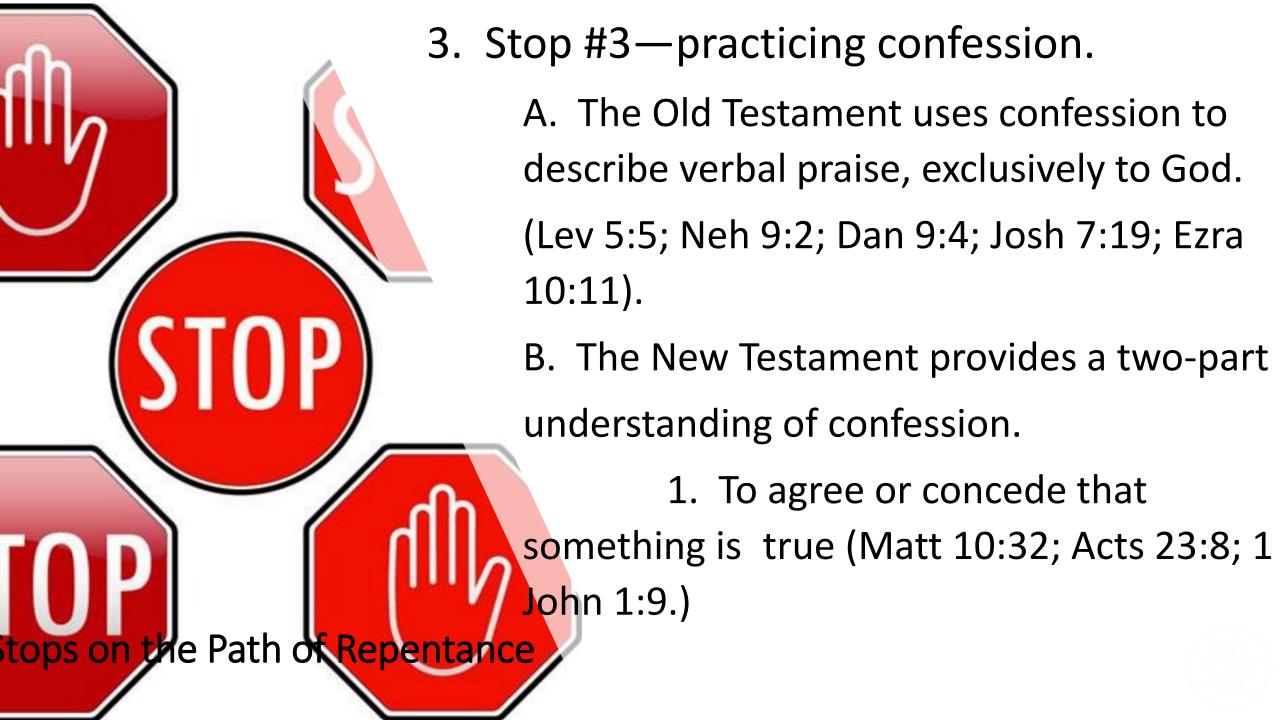


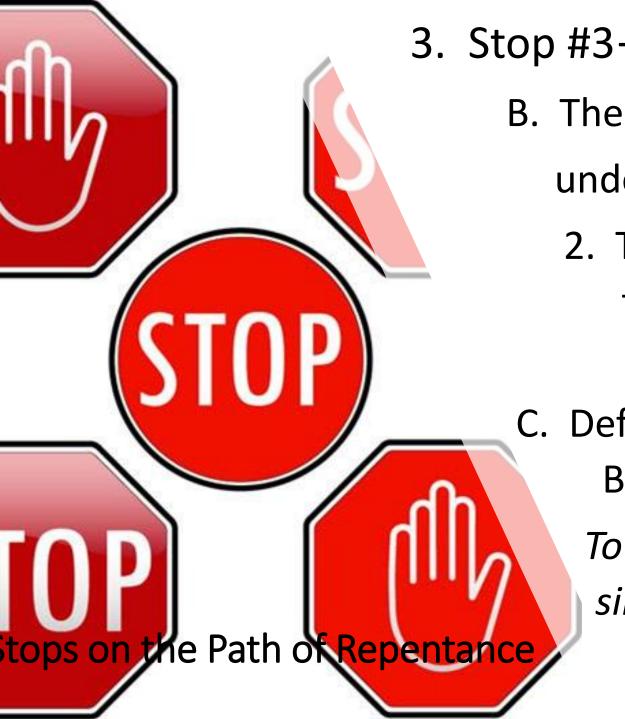


2.Stop #2—Having a change of mind (2 Cor 7:8-10).

- A. Change of mind unto salvation (Acts 3:19; 2 Cor 7:10).
- B. Change of mind unto sanctification (2 Cor 7:8–12).
- C. Both aspects of repentance are based on the merit of God's grace (Ps 80:3; Rom 2:4; Acts 5:31;

2 Tim 2:25)





3. Stop #3—practicing confession.

B. The New Testament provides a two-part understanding of confession.

2. To publicly acknowledge the change to God and others (Matt 3:6; Rom 14: 11, 15:9; Phil 4:2; James 5:16).

C. Definition of confession based on Biblical Data:

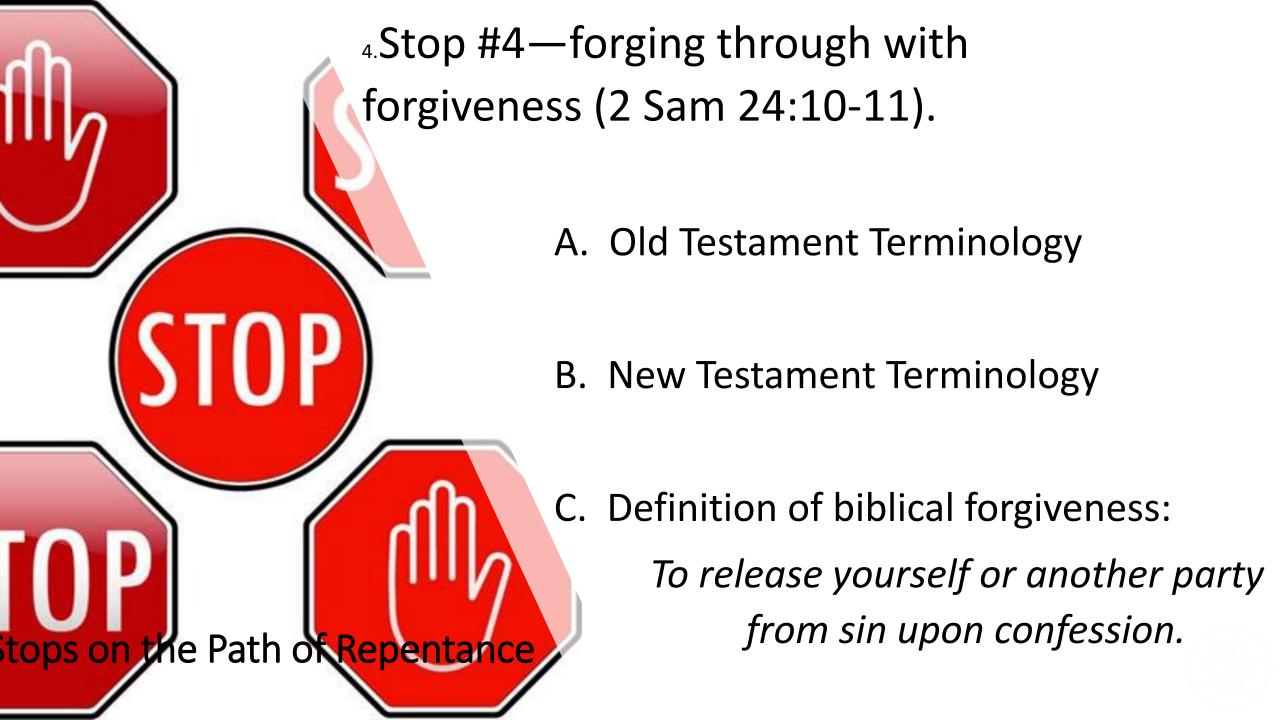
To agree with what God says about sin and then make a verbal admission based on that conviction.



Confession in the lives of real people!

₁.Aaron (Nu 12:11).

- 2. Israelites (Nu 21:6,7; 1Sa 7:6, 12:19).
- 3. Saul (1Sa 15:24).
- 4. David (2Sa 24:10).
- 5. Ezra (9:6).
- 6. Nehemiah (Neh 1:6-7).
- 7. Job (7:20).
- 8. Daniel (9:4).
- 9. Peter (Luke 5:8).
- 10. The Thief on the Cross (Luke 23:41).





4. Stop #4—forging through with forgiveness (2 Sam 24:10-11).

D. Practice of forgiveness:

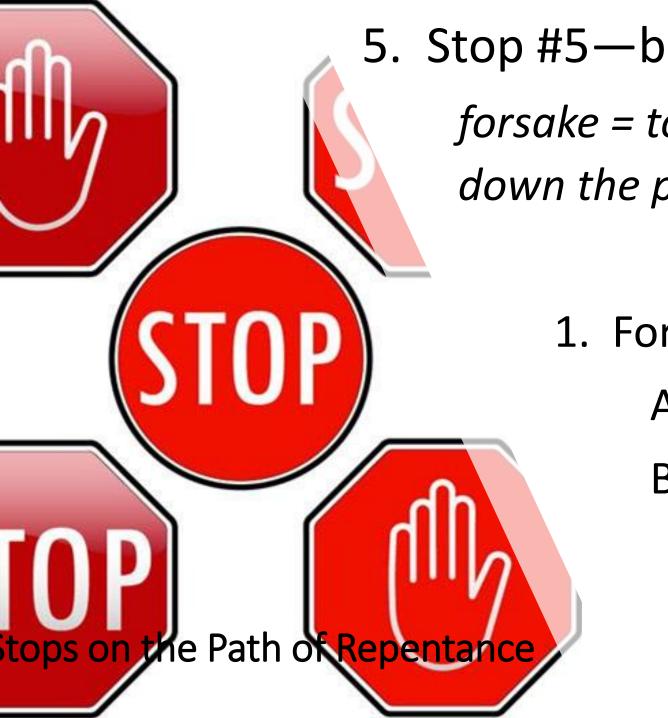
1) Sorrow for sin.

2) Change of mind about your sin.

3) Agree with God about your sin.

4) Ask Him to release you of that sin (1 John 1:9)—Will you forgive me?

> Forgiveness is not a feeling verbal statement.



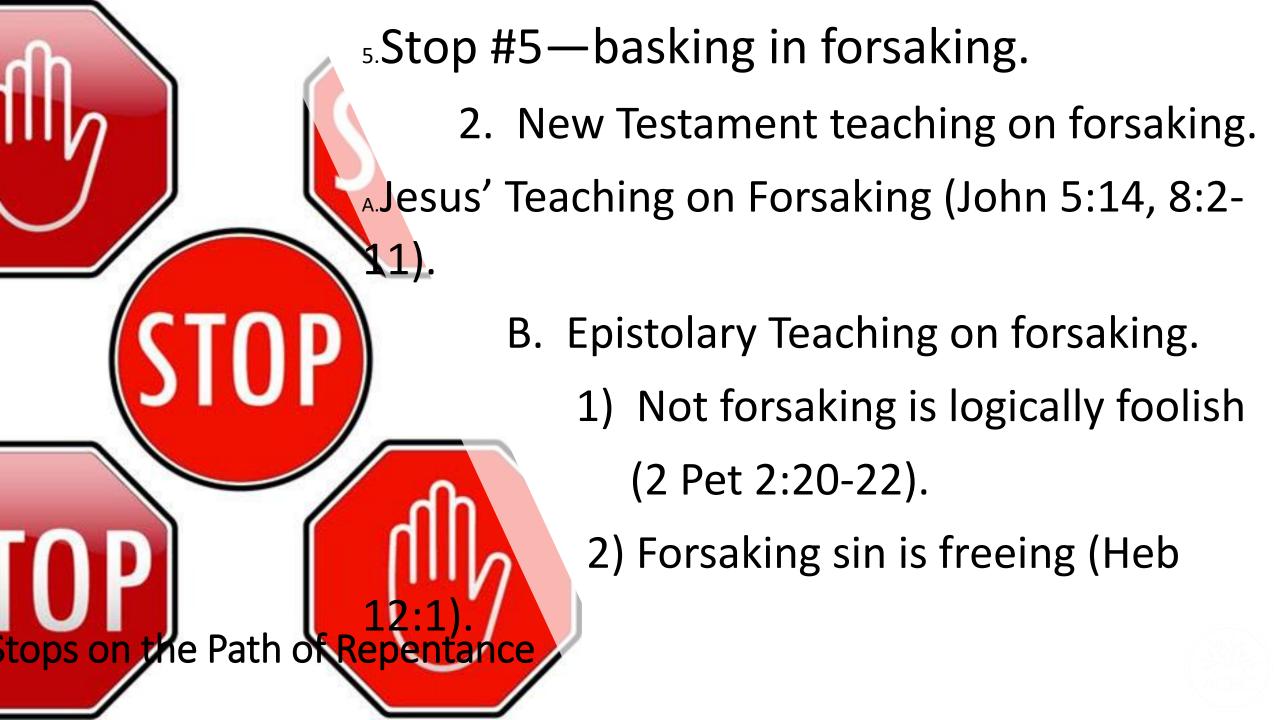
5. Stop #5—basking in forsaking.

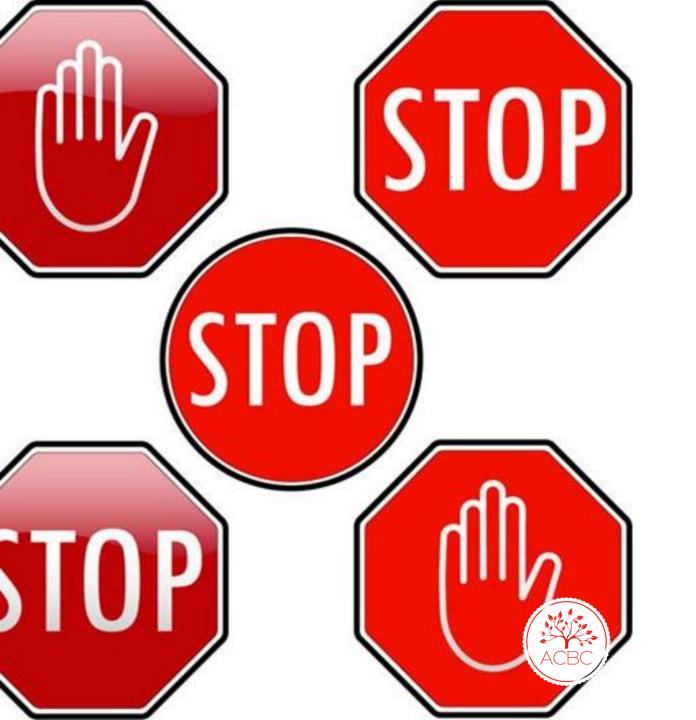
forsake = to abandon the sin that led you down the path of repentance

1. Forsaking in the Old Testament

A. Proverbs (Prov 28:13)

B. In the life of David (51:10).





5 Stops on the Path of Repentance

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Title

